

The Importance of Periodic Roof Inspections

Roofing systems should be inspected at least twice a year (Spring and Fall) for damage or defects. Someone who understands the design and components of the roofing system should perform inspections. Your VFI Approved Applicator may provide this service.

The Spring inspection identifies any damage sustained over the Winter so repairs can be accomplished during the local roofing season. The Fall inspection will make sure the roof is ready for the upcoming Winter. Seasonal inspections are important for both cold and warm weather regions.

What to Look For: A Maintenance Inspection Checklist accompanies this manual. Use a separate form for each roof.

Each inspection should follow a set routine for the examination of each visible component of the roof assembly and the identification of any areas requiring attention. Pay particular attention to:

Gutters, Scuppers and Drains

- Leaves, dirt, etc. can block positive drainage
- Seals
- Screens and strainers

Rooftop Units and Penetrations

- Vents, hatches, stacks, skylights and HVAC equipment penetrations
- Condensation from HVAC units piped to drains
- Rain caps on stacks
- Seams in units
- Damage to the surrounding roof system caused by service to units

Surface Area of Roof

 Mechanical or physical damage caused by tools or heavy objects, hail, vandalism or excessive foot traffic Blisters or interlayer separation

Flashings, Roof Edges, Terminations, Expansion and Control Joints

- Cracks or splits at roof terminations, including edge flashings and expansion joints
- Coping joints and metal flashings
- Check masonry walls for moisture penetration or deterioration

Special Inspections

Recommended following situations such as:

- Construction on or above the roof or adjacent areas
- Installation of new equipment on the roof
- Extreme weather conditions such as hail, high winds or unusually heavy snow load
- Fire, vandalism or other known damage to the roof or adjacent area

An inspection should also be carried out when maintenance, repair or reroofing is anticipated. A follow

up inspection should be performed when this work is completed.

Defects

- Pinholes
- Erosion of coating
- Cracks and moisture penetration
- A non-destructive moisture detection device may be used to determine moisture content

Prevent Damage

Take these steps to prevent damage and safeguard the long life of your roofing system:

- Remove debris from the roof
- Do not use the roof as a storage area
- Vent exhaust or harmful chemicals away from the roof surface
- Pipe condensation from HVAC units to drains
- Minimize foot traffic or install walkways to reach essential equipment (check with your Volatile Free Inc. or your Approved Applicator)



Know Your Roof System

Keep a historical record and roof system file available to all roof maintenance personnel. The file should include:

- Product Data Sheets
- Safety Data Sheets
- Original Specifications
- Warranty
- Contact information for Volatile Free, Inc. and your Approved Applicator
- Past roof inspection reports
- Record of repairs made
- This manual

When to Call an Approved Applicator

Some repairs will require an Approved Applicator's expertise. Consult warranty terms before performing any repairs to avoid negating the warranty. The warrantor must be notified prior to performing repairs to any problems covered by the warranty. Other situations that require a professional include:

- Large cracks or splits
- Significant leaks
- Renewal/recoating

Conclusion

The service life of a roof systems can be greatly extended by proper maintenance and care. The building owner should:

- Limit and control roof access
- Conduct regular inspections
- Conduct special inspections following extraordinary situations such as extreme weather, report leaks or damage immediately, perform routine maintenance
- Use Volatile Free, Inc. Approved Applicators for major maintenance, new penetrations, and permanent repairs

Paying attention to these areas will help to provide the building with a sustainable, high performance, longer life expectancy and lower lifecycle cost roof. Repair materials compatible with the roofing system are available from Volatile Free, Inc.

Service Agreements

Many Approved Applicators offer a maintenance or service contract. Service agreements generally cover periodic inspections and routine maintenance. A report is issued to the building owner following each inspection, including recommendations for immediate and future repairs. This report should become part of the roof system historical record.

Warranty

The warranty establishes and limits the responsibilities and liabilities of the building owner, manufacturer and contractor for a specified period of time. It is very important that the building owners read and understand the terms and conditions of the warranty. A manufacturer or contractor warranty can be voided for a variety of reasons. Please review the warranty documents provided for limitations.



BI-ANNUAL MAINTENANCE INSPECTION CHECKLIST

Building: Roof Section: Roofing System: Warranty Term: Applicator: Completion Date: Inspection Date: Inspected By: Were there changes, additions or new penetrations to the roof since last inspection? If yes, indicate on roof plan and describe **Is there any leakage**? ☐ Yes ☐ No If yes, under what conditions? (Circle all that apply) Wind-driven rain Light Rain Heavy Rain Leaks continuously (indicate where leaks occurred on plan) Were emergency or temporary repairs made? ☐ Yes ☐ No If yes, indicate on roof plan and describe General Remarks:

Roof Sketch Symbols

Use the following symbols when preparing a roof sketch:

P> 0

Χ

Photographs S# Slit Number

Roof Drains UC Uncured Coatings

Mechanical Drainage DT Flashing or Edge Treatment Defect

Thin Coating OS Overspray

Coating Blister CC Coating Cracks

Excessive Ponding P Pinholes TC CB ΕX

Comments:



		Problem		Observations	Problem	
		Yes	No		O/A*	Date
I.	Roof Condition					
	A. General					
	Debris					
	Walkways					
	Substrate					
	Contaminants					
	Leaks					
	B. Drainage					
	Roof Drains					
	Scuppers					
	Gutters					
	Downspouts					
	Ponding					
	C. Coating					
	Bare Spots					
	Blisters					
	Adhesion					
	Cracks					
	Pinholes					
	Mechanical Damage					
II.	Membrane					
	Blisters					
	Cracks					
	Mechanical Damage					
	Bird Damage					
	Storm Damage					
	Soft & Spongy					
	Wet					
III.	Flashing					
	Base Flashing					
	Counter Flashing					
	Coping					
	GravelStop/Facia					
IV.	Penetration					
	Pipes					
	A/C Units					
	Vents Skylights					
	Expansion Joints					
	Ducts					
	Walls					

^{*}Indicate who performs repairs ("O" for owner or "A" for Applicator/Contractor)